

ndbc-api: Accelerating oceanography and climate science research with Python

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Summary

The National Data Buoy Center (NDBC) and its partners are an essential source of marine meteorological and oceanographic data (National Data Buoy Center (NDBC), 2023). The ndbc-api Python package is an open-source tool designed to streamline the acquisition, synthesis, and analysis of this data. It provides a Python API for accessing real-time and historical observations from a network of buoys, coastal stations, and deployments. This package simplifies the process of retrieving, parsing, and organizing NDBC data. Traditional HTTP access methods to station-specific text files poses a challenge when dealing with multiple stations or extended time ranges. The ndbc-api provides a Python API which retrieves, parses, and merges this data, returning Python-native data structures. This package empowers researchers and practitioners in oceanography, meteorology, and related fields to efficiently integrate NDBC data into their workflows, accelerating research in climate science and oceanography.

Statement of need

The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Association's National Data Buoy Center maintains marine monitoring and observation stations around the world (National Data Buoy Center (NDBC), 2024). These stations report atmospheric, oceanographic, and other meteorological data at regular intervals to the NDBC (National Data Buoy Center (NDBC), 2023, 2024). Measurements are made available over HTTP through the NDBC's data service. Measurements are typically distributed as quality-controlled utf-8 encoded, station-by-station, fixed-period text files (National Data Buoy Center (NDBC), 2023). While the data collected and maintained by the NDBC is critical to oceanography and climate science researchers, the mode of access adds complexity to their workflows. These challenges are particularly pronounced when working with long-duration data, data from multiple stations, or data with a high proportion of missing measurements.

The ndbc-api addresses these critical gaps by providing a streamlined, programmatic interface to the NDBC's data service. By abstracting the complexities of file-based access, handling of missing measurements, and cross-station joins, the ndbc-api package lowers the barriers to obtaining and using the NDBC's global oceanographic and meteorological data in scientific research. Researchers specify their stations, data modalities (for example, adcp for acoustic doppler current profiler measurements or cwind for continuous winds data), and time ranges of interest, and the package returns the processed NDBC data either as a Pandas DataFrame object or as an xarray Dataset object (Hoyer & Hamman, 2017; Mckinney, 2010; The pandas development team, 2020). The package maps missing measurements from their varied text-based identifiers such as 99, 999, or MM, into a single missing measurement representation of nan. The challenge of aligning and joining data across measurements and stations is similarly handled before the final object is returned to the user. By exposing station metadata and



search functionality alongside data retrieval methods, researchers are also able to identify the set of stations, based on their NDBC identifier, that were active during a given period, or within some radius of a given location. The combination of efficient identification of the relevant stations, retrieval of the desired data variables, and processing of the data from the NDBC data service make the ndbc-api a valuable tool for oceanography and climate science researchers.

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