

Simple DFT-D3: Library first implementation of the D3 dispersion correction

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Summary

The simulation of chemical reactions or processes provides a fundamental approach to understanding chemistry. The application of Kohn-Sham density functional theory (KSDFT) ([Kohn & Sham, 1965](#)) has become an indispensable tool for computational modeling. However, semilocal KS-DFT often fails to accurately describe long-range correlation effects, such as dispersion interactions, in many exchange-correlation functionals ([Stefan Grimme et al., 2016](#)). Additive dispersion corrections, like the D3 ([S. Grimme et al., 2010](#)) or D4 ([Caldeweyher et al., 2019](#)) methods, effectively account for these effects.

Statement of Need

The D3 method is one of the most widely used dispersion corrections, however the original implementation ([S. Grimme et al., 2010](#)) has been forked and modified many times to include specific adaptations needed for integration as a library in different electronic structure software packages. Here, we present a reimplementation of the D3 method, focusing on providing a simple, library-first version with APIs defined in Fortran, C, and Python, including the latest parameters for many D3 method variants.

The simple-dftd3 library implements several variants of the D3 method, including the original zero damping D3(0) ([S. Grimme et al., 2010](#)), rational damping D3(BJ) ([S. Grimme et al., 2011](#)), modified zero damping D3M(0) ([D. G. Smith et al., 2016](#)), and optimized power damping D3(op) ([Witte et al., 2017](#)). The main library is written in modern Fortran ([Kedward et al., 2022](#)), with additional APIs for C via Fortran-C interoperable functions and for Python via the CFFI library. A command line interface is also available for standalone usage.

Usage

The simple-dftd3 library has been successfully adopted by several electronic structure software packages, such as DFTB+ (since version 21.2) ([Hourahine et al., 2020](#)), Psi4 (since version 1.9.0) ([D. G. A. Smith et al., 2020](#)), and Siesta (since version 5.0.0) ([García et al., 2020](#)), including recently published packages like Accelerated DFT ([Ju et al., 2024](#)) and gpu4pyscf ([Wu et al., 2024](#)). Additionally, the Python API provides interfaces for usage in ASE ([Larsen et al., 2017](#)), PySCF ([Sun et al., 2020](#)), and QCEngine ([D. G. A. Smith et al., 2021](#)). Given the accessibility of the code base, new method improvements, like the recent extension of the D3 method to actinide elements ([Wittmann et al., 2024](#)), are easily integrated. The package is already cited as tool for example in benchmark studies ([Gorges et al., 2022](#)) or for supporting experimental studies ([Yu et al., 2024](#)). With its simplicity and availability, the library is a valuable tool for the community to include dispersion corrections in their electronic structure calculations.

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